## **ANNUAL SYNAR REPORT**

**42 U.S.C. 300x-26** OMB № 0930-0222

FFY 2017

**State: Utah** 

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OMB No. 0930-0222

Expiration Date: 06/30/2019

Public Burden Statement: An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The OMB control number for this project is 0930-0222. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 18 hours per respondent, per year, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to SAMHSA Reports Clearance Officer, 5600 Fisher's Lane, Rockville, MD 20857.

### INTRODUCTION

The Annual Synar Report (ASR) format provides the means for states to comply with the reporting provisions of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300x-26) and the Tobacco Regulation for the Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant (SABG) (45 C.F.R. 96.130 (e)).

### How the Synar report helps the Center for Substance Abuse Prevention

In accordance with the tobacco regulations, states are required to provide detailed information on progress made in enforcing youth tobacco access laws (FFY 2016 Compliance Progress) and future plans to ensure compliance with the Synar requirements to reduce youth tobacco access rates (FFY 2017 Intended Use Plan). These data are required by 42 U.S.C. 300x-26 and will be used by the Secretary to evaluate state compliance with the statute. Part of the mission of the Center for Substance Abuse Prevention (CSAP) is to assist states¹ by supporting Synar activities and providing technical assistance helpful in determining the type of enforcement measures and control strategies that are most effective. This information is helpful to CSAP in improving technical assistance resources and expertise on enforcement efforts and tobacco control program support activities, including state Synar program support services, through an enhanced technical assistance program involving conferences and workshops, development of training materials and guidance documents, and onsite technical assistance consultation.

### How the Synar report can help states

The information gathered for the Synar report can help states describe and analyze substate needs for program enhancements. These data can also be used to report to the state legislature and other state and local organizations on progress made to date in enforcing youth tobacco access laws when aggregated statistical data from state Synar reports can demonstrate to the Secretary the national progress in reducing youth tobacco access problems. This information will also provide Congress with a better understanding of state progress in implementing Synar, including state difficulties and successes in enforcing retailer compliance with youth tobacco access laws.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The term "state" is used to refer to all the states and territories required to comply with Synar as part of the Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant Program requirements (42 U.S.C. 300x-64 and 45 C.F.R. 96.121).

### Getting assistance in completing the Synar report

If you have questions about programmatic issues, you may call CSAP's Division of State Programs at (240) 276-2550 and ask for your respective State Project Officer, or contact your State Project Officer directly by telephone or email. If you have questions about fiscal or grants management issues, you may call the Grants Management Officer, Office of Financial Resources, Division of Grants Management, at (240) 276-1422.

#### Where and when to submit the Synar report

The ASR must be received by SAMHSA no later than December 31, 2016 and must be submitted in the format specified by these instructions. Use of the approved format will avoid delays in the review and approval process. The chief executive officer (or an authorized designee) of the applicant organization must sign page one of the ASR certifying that the state has complied with all reporting requirements.

The state must upload one copy of the ASR using the online WebBGAS (Block Grant Application System). In addition, the following items must be uploaded to WebBGAS:

- FFY 2017 Synar Survey Results: States that use the Synar Survey Estimation System (SSES) must upload one copy of SSES Tables 1–5 (in Excel) to WebBGAS. States that do not use SSES must upload one copy of ASR Forms 1, 4, and 5, and Forms 2 and 3, if applicable, (in Excel), as well as a database with the raw inspection data to WebBGAS.
- Synar Inspection Form: States must upload one blank copy of the inspection form used to record the result of each Synar inspection.
- Synar Inspection Protocol: States must upload a copy of the protocol used to train
  inspection teams on conducting and reporting the results of the Synar inspections.
  This document should be different than the Appendix C attached to the Annual
  Synar Report
- A scanned copy of the signed Funding Agreements/Certifications

Each state SSA Director has been emailed a login ID and password to log onto the Synar section of the WebBGAS site.

### FFY 2017: FUNDING AGREEMENTS/CERTIFICATIONS

The following form must be signed by the Chief Executive Officer or an authorized designee and submitted with this application. Documentation authorizing a designee must be attached to the application.

#### PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICES ACT AND SYNAR AMENDMENT

42 U.S.C. 300x-26 requires each state to submit an annual report of its progress in meeting the requirements of the Synar Amendment and its implementing regulation (45 C.F.R. 96.130) to the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services. By signing below, the chief executive officer (or an authorized designee) of the applicant organization certifies that the state has complied with these reporting requirements and the certifications as set forth below.

#### SYNAR SURVEY SAMPLING METHODOLOGY

The state certifies that the Synar survey sampling methodology on file with the Center for Substance Abuse Prevention and submitted with the Annual Synar Report for FFY 2017 is up-to-date and approved by the Center for Substance Abuse Prevention.

#### SYNAR SURVEY INSPECTION PROTOCOL

The state certifies that the Synar Survey Inspection Protocol on file with the Center for Substance Abuse Prevention and submitted with the Annual Synar Report for FFY 2017 is up-to-date and approved by the Center for Substance Abuse Prevention.

State: Utah	
Name of Chief Executive Officer or Designee: Ann Silver	berg Williamson
Signature of CEO or Designee:	
Title: Executive Director, Department of Human Services	Date Signed:
If signed by a designee, a copy of the des	signation must be attached.

FFY: 2017 State: <u>Ut</u>	tah
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## **SECTION I: FFY 2016 (Compliance Progress)**

## YOUTH ACCESS LAWS, ACTIVITIES, AND ENFORCEMENT

42 U.S.C. 300x-26 requires the states to report information regarding the sale/distribution of tobacco products to individuals under age 18.

1.	access s the last	ndicate any changes or additions to the state tobacco statute(s) relating to youth ince the last reporting year. If any changes were made to the state law(s) since reporting year, please attach a photocopy of the law to the hard copy of the d also upload a copy of the state law to WebBGAS. (see 42 U.S.C. 300x-26).
	a.	Has there been a change in the minimum sale age for tobacco products?
		☐ Yes ⊠ No
		If Yes, current minimum age: 19 20 21
	<b>b.</b>	Have there been any changes in state law that impact the state's protocol for conducting <i>Synar inspections?</i>
		☐ Yes ⊠ No
		If Yes, indicate change. (Check all that apply.)  Changed to require that law enforcement conduct inspections of tobacco outlets  Changed to make it illegal for youth to possess, purchase or receive tobacco  Changed to require ID to purchase tobacco  Changed definition of tobacco products  Other change(s) (Please describe.)
	c.	Have there been any changes in state law that impact the following?
		Licensing of tobacco vendors
2.	42 U.S.	e how the Annual Synar Report (see 45 C.F.R. $96.130(e)$ ) and the state Plan (see C. $300x-51$ ) were made public within the state prior to submission of the ASR. all that apply.)
		Placed on file for public review
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Posted on a state agency Web site (Please provide exact Web address and the date ten the FFY 2017 ASR was posted to this Web address.)
		Web address:
		Date published: Dec. 8, 2016
		Notice published in a newspaper or newsletter
		Public hearing

		Announced in a news release, a press conference, or discussed in a media interview Distributed for review as part of the SABG application process Distributed through the public library system Published in an annual register Other (Please describe.)
3.	Identify	the following agency or agencies (see 42 U.S.C. 300x-26 and 45 C.F.R. 96.130).
	a.	The state agency (ies) designated by the Governor for oversight of the Synar requirements:
		Department of Human Services: Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health
		Has this changed since last year's Annual Synar Report?
		☐ Yes ⊠ No
	b.	The state agency(ies) responsible for conducting random, unannounced Synar inspections:
		Local health departments and local law enforcement agencies
		Has this changed since last year's Annual Synar Report?
		☐ Yes ⊠ No
	c.	The state agency(ies) responsible for enforcing youth tobacco access law(s):
		<u>Utah Department of Health, local health departments, and local law enforcement agencies</u>
		Has this changed since last year's Annual Synar Report?
		☐ Yes ⊠ No
4.	•	the following agencies and describe their relationship with the agency ible for the oversight of the Synar requirements.
	<b>a.</b>	Identify the state agency responsible for tobacco prevention activities (the agency that receives the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's National Tobacco Control Program funding). <u>Utah Department of Health Tobacco Prevention and Control Program</u>
	<b>b.</b>	Has the responsible agency changed since last year's Annual Synar Report?  ☐ Yes ☑ No
	c.	Describe the coordination and collaboration that occur between the agency responsible for tobacco prevention and the agency responsible for oversight of the Synar requirements. (Check all that apply.) The two agencies
		Are the same
		Have a formal written memorandum of agreement

<ul> <li>□ Conduct joint planning activities</li> <li>□ Combine resources</li> <li>□ Have other collaborative arrangement(s) (Please describe.)</li> <li>□ No relationship</li> <li>Does a state agency contract with the Food and Drug Administration's Center for Tobacco Products (FDA/CTP) to enforce the youth access and advertising restrictions in the Family Smoking Prevention and Tobacco Control Act?</li> <li>□ Yes ⋈ No (if no, go to Question 5)</li> </ul>
Have other collaborative arrangement(s) (Please describe.)  No relationship  Does a state agency contract with the Food and Drug Administration's Center for Tobacco Products (FDA/CTP) to enforce the youth access and advertising restrictions in the Family Smoking Prevention and Tobacco Control Act?
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for Tobacco Products (FDA/CTP) to enforce the youth access and advertising restrictions in the Family Smoking Prevention and Tobacco Control Act?
If yes, identify the state agency responsible for enforcing the youth access and advertising restrictions in the Family Smoking Prevention and Tobacco Control Act (the agency that is under contract to the Food and Drug Administration's Center for Tobacco Products (FDA/CTP)).
Has the responsible agency changed since last year's Annual Synar Report?  Yes No  Describe the coordination and collaboration that occur between the agency
contracted with the FDA to enforce federal youth tobacco access laws and the agency responsible for oversight of the Synar requirements. (Check all that apply.) The two agencies:
agency responsible for oversight of the Synar requirements. (Check all that apply.) The two agencies:
agency responsible for oversight of the Synar requirements. (Check all that apply.) The two agencies:  Are the same
agency responsible for oversight of the Synar requirements. (Check all that apply.) The two agencies:  Are the same  Have a formal written memorandum of agreement
agency responsible for oversight of the Synar requirements. (Check all that apply.) The two agencies:  Are the same Have a formal written memorandum of agreement Have an informal partnership
agency responsible for oversight of the Synar requirements. (Check all that apply.) The two agencies:  Are the same Have a formal written memorandum of agreement Have an informal partnership Conduct joint planning activities
agency responsible for oversight of the Synar requirements. (Check all that apply.) The two agencies:  Are the same Have a formal written memorandum of agreement Have an informal partnership

5.		Inswer the following questions regarding the state's activities to enforce the youth access to tobacco law(s) in FFY 2016 (see 42 U.S.C. 300x-26 and 45 C.F.R. e)).
	a.	Which one of the following describes the enforcement of state youth access to tobacco laws carried out in your state? (Check one category only.)
		<ul> <li>☐ Enforcement is conducted exclusively by local law enforcement agencies.</li> <li>☐ Enforcement is conducted exclusively by state agency(ies).</li> <li>☐ Enforcement is conducted by both local and state agencies.</li> </ul>

b. The following items concern penalties imposed for all violations of state youth access to tobacco laws by <u>LOCAL AND/OR STATE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES</u> (this does not include enforcement of local laws or federal youth tobacco access laws). Please fill in the number requested. If state law does not allow for an item, please mark "NA" (not applicable). If a response for an item is unknown, please mark "UNK." The chart must be filled in completely.

PENALTY	OWNERS	CLERKS	TOTAL
Number of citations issued	UNK	UNK	270
Number of fines assessed	UNK	UNK	3
Number of permits/licenses suspended	3		3
Number of permits/licenses revoked	0		0
Other (Please describe.)	NA	NA	NA

minors for inspections that are part of the Synar survey?  Yes No  If "Yes" to 5c, please describe the state's procedure for minimizing risk of bias to the survey results from retailers alerting each other to the presence of the survey teams:  State law allows citations to be issued up to 7 days after the alleged underage purchase is made. In some cases, several compliance checks may be completed before officers return to outlets to issue citations. Local health departments and latenforcement officers vary their compliance check starting points during checks.  Which one of the following best describes the level of enforcement of state your access to tobacco laws carried out in your state? (Check one category only.)  Enforcement is conducted only at those outlets randomly selected for the Synar survey.  Enforcement is conducted only at a subset of outlets not randomly selected for the Synar survey and outlets not randomly selected for the Synar survey and outlets not randomly selected for the Synar survey and outlets not randomly selected for the Synar survey and outlets not randomly selected for the Synar survey.  Did every tobacco outlet in the state receive at least one compliance check that included enforcement of the state youth tobacco access law(s) in the last year?  Yes No	<del>-</del>			
<ul> <li>Are citations or warnings issued to retailers or clerks who sell tobacco to minors for inspections that are part of the Synar survey?</li> <li> ☐ Yes ☐ No  If "Yes" to 5c, please describe the state's procedure for minimizing risk of bias to the survey results from retailers alerting each other to the presence of the survey teams:  State law allows citations to be issued up to 7 days after the alleged underage purchase is made. In some cases, several compliance checks may be completed before officers return to outlets to issue citations. Local health departments and latenforcement officers vary their compliance check starting points during checks.</li> <li> ☐ Which one of the following best describes the level of enforcement of state yout access to tobacco laws carried out in your state? (Check one category only.)  ☐ Enforcement is conducted only at those outlets randomly selected for the Synar survey.  ☐ Enforcement is conducted at a combination of outlets not randomly selected for the Synar survey and outlets not randomly selected for the Synar survey.  ☐ Did every tobacco outlet in the state receive at least one compliance check tha included enforcement of the state youth tobacco access law(s) in the last year?  ☐ Yes ☐ No  What additional activities are conducted in your state to support enforcement and compliance with state youth tobacco access law(s)? (Check all that apply and briefly describe each activity in the text boxes below each activity.)</li> </ul>	Number of permits/licenses revoked	0		0
minors for inspections that are part of the Synar survey?  ☑ Yes ☐ No  If "Yes" to 5c, please describe the state's procedure for minimizing risk of bias to the survey results from retailers alerting each other to the presence of the survey teams:  State law allows citations to be issued up to 7 days after the alleged underage purchase is made. In some cases, several compliance checks may be completed before officers return to outlets to issue citations. Local health departments and lar enforcement officers vary their compliance check starting points during checks.  I. Which one of the following best describes the level of enforcement of state yout access to tobacco laws carried out in your state? (Check one category only.)  ☑ Enforcement is conducted only at those outlets randomly selected for the Synar survey.  ☐ Enforcement is conducted only at a subset of outlets not randomly selected for the Synar survey and outlets not randomly selected for the Synar survey and outlets not randomly selected for the Synar survey and outlets not randomly selected for the Synar survey and outlets not randomly selected for the Synar survey.  Did every tobacco outlet in the state receive at least one compliance check that included enforcement of the state youth tobacco access law(s) in the last year?  ☐ Yes ☑ No  What additional activities are conducted in your state to support enforcement and compliance with state youth tobacco access law(s)? (Check all that apply and briefly describe each activity in the text boxes below each activity.)	Other (Please describe.)	NA	NA	NA
the survey results from retailers alerting each other to the presence of the survey teams:  State law allows citations to be issued up to 7 days after the alleged underage purchase is made. In some cases, several compliance checks may be completed before officers return to outlets to issue citations. Local health departments and latenforcement officers vary their compliance check starting points during checks.  Note that the following best describes the level of enforcement of state yout access to tobacco laws carried out in your state? (Check one category only.)  Enforcement is conducted only at those outlets randomly selected for the Synar survey.  Enforcement is conducted only at a subset of outlets not randomly selected for the Synar survey and outlets not randomly selected for the Synar survey and outlets not randomly selected for the Synar survey.  Did every tobacco outlet in the state receive at least one compliance check that included enforcement of the state youth tobacco access law(s) in the last year?  Yes No  What additional activities are conducted in your state to support enforcement and compliance with state youth tobacco access law(s)? (Check all that apply and briefly describe each activity in the text boxes below each activity.)	minors for inspections that are part of t			acco to
purchase is made. In some cases, several compliance checks may be completed before officers return to outlets to issue citations. Local health departments and latenforcement officers vary their compliance check starting points during checks.  I. Which one of the following best describes the level of enforcement of state your access to tobacco laws carried out in your state? (Check one category only.)  Enforcement is conducted only at those outlets randomly selected for the Synar survey.  Enforcement is conducted only at a subset of outlets not randomly selected for the Synar survey.  Enforcement is conducted at a combination of outlets randomly selected for the Synar survey and outlets not randomly selected for the Synar survey.  Did every tobacco outlet in the state receive at least one compliance check that included enforcement of the state youth tobacco access law(s) in the last year?  Yes No  What additional activities are conducted in your state to support enforcement and compliance with state youth tobacco access law(s)? (Check all that apply and briefly describe each activity in the text boxes below each activity.)	the survey results from retailers alerting e	•	_	•
<ul> <li>access to tobacco laws carried out in your state? (Check one category only.)</li> <li>Enforcement is conducted only at those outlets randomly selected for the Synar survey.</li> <li>Enforcement is conducted only at a subset of outlets not randomly selected for the Synar survey.</li> <li>Enforcement is conducted at a combination of outlets randomly selected for the Synar survey and outlets not randomly selected for the Synar survey.</li> <li>Did every tobacco outlet in the state receive at least one compliance check that included enforcement of the state youth tobacco access law(s) in the last year?</li> <li>Yes No</li> <li>What additional activities are conducted in your state to support enforcement and compliance with state youth tobacco access law(s)? (Check all that apply and briefly describe each activity in the text boxes below each activity.)</li> </ul>	purchase is made. In some cases, several before officers return to outlets to issue circumstance.	compliance c tations. Loca	hecks may be c I health departn	ompleted nents and law
<ul> <li>□ Enforcement is conducted only at a subset of outlets not randomly selected for the Synar survey.</li> <li>□ Enforcement is conducted at a combination of outlets randomly selected for the Synar survey and outlets not randomly selected for the Synar survey.</li> <li>Did every tobacco outlet in the state receive at least one compliance check that included enforcement of the state youth tobacco access law(s) in the last year?</li> <li>□ Yes □ No</li> <li>What additional activities are conducted in your state to support enforcement and compliance with state youth tobacco access law(s)? (Check all that apply and briefly describe each activity in the text boxes below each activity.)</li> </ul>	access to tobacco laws carried out in you Enforcement is conducted only at thos	ur state? (Ch	eck one catego	ry only.)
Synar survey and outlets not randomly selected for the Synar survey.  Did every tobacco outlet in the state receive at least one compliance check that included enforcement of the state youth tobacco access law(s) in the last year?  Yes No  What additional activities are conducted in your state to support enforcement and compliance with state youth tobacco access law(s)? (Check all that apply and briefly describe each activity in the text boxes below each activity.)	Enforcement is conducted only at a sul	bset of outlets	not randomly	selected for
included enforcement of the state youth tobacco access law(s) in the last year?  ☐ Yes ☐ No  What additional activities are conducted in your state to support enforcement and compliance with state youth tobacco access law(s)? (Check all that apply and briefly describe each activity in the text boxes below each activity.)	☐ Enforcement is conducted at a combin		•	
What additional activities are conducted in your state to support enforcement and compliance with state youth tobacco access law(s)? (Check all that apply and briefly describe each activity in the text boxes below each activity.)				
and compliance with state youth tobacco access law(s)? (Check all that apply and briefly describe each activity in the text boxes below each activity.)	☐ Yes ⊠ No			
	and compliance with state youth tobacc and briefly describe each activity in the te	co access law	(s)? (Check all	that apply

Both proactive and corrective retailer education is conducted on an ongoing basis by local health departments at the state level. At the state and local levels retailer education information and driver license/state I.D. card information (Utah driver licenses and I.D. cards are printed with the month, day, and year that a person turns 19 to help prevent illegal underage sales) is made available to local retailers. The Utah Tobacco Prevention and Control Program website contains an extensive retailer education section. Merchants continuously in compliance are eligible for positive public recognition for their efforts

- Incentives for merchants who are in compliance (e.g., nonenforcement compliance checks in which compliant retailers are given positive reinforcement and noncompliant retailers are warned about youth access laws)
- 1. Congratulatory letters are sent to store managers whose outlets have successfully refused to sell tobacco to underage youth during compliance checks.
- 2. Public acknowledgement via health department meetings, city councils, etc.; newspaper articles by local health departments re: recognizing tobacco retail outlets that have taken extraordinary efforts to reduce underage sales and who have a long history of refusing sales to underage youth during compliance checks.
- 2. A reduction in civil monetary penalties for an underage sale is available to retailers if they demonstrate that they have conducted training with employees.
- 3. Retailers are encouraged to offer their employees incentives for refusing underage sales. Several offer monetary bonuses, movie tickets, or similar items to promote employee compliance with tobacco laws.
- Community education regarding youth access laws
- 1. Individual one-on-one education with managers at retail outlets (Which is especially important in most of Utah's outlying rural communities where attending group trainings is not practical)
- 2. Chain outlet training with district/regional store representatives.
- 3. Website section available 24/7 with complete Utah Tobacco Retailer Education Guide, supplemental employee education kits, and images of educational posters, register stickers, and door clings.
- 4. Whenever an illegal underage sale occurs the retail outlet is offered retailer education materials to train/retrain their employees.
- Media use to publicize compliance inspection results
- 1. The Division of Substance Abuse is the primary state agency for reporting Synar data. However, the Utah Department of Health reports state fiscal year compliance check results in its annual report. The report contains both statewide and local health district state compliance check results.
- 2. Local health departments develop newspaper articles recognizing tobacco retail outlets that have taken extraordinary efforts to reduce underage sales and publicizing the need to prevent underage tobacco sales in their communities.

3. Some local radio coverage also occurs.
Community mobilization to increase support for retailer compliance with youth access laws
Other activities ( <i>Please list.</i> )
The Utah Department of Health and local health departments collaborate on Retail
Education Workgroup meetings throughout the year to maintain and update the
retail education guide as well as develop annual register stickers, door clings,
posters and retailer surveys.

## SYNAR SURVEY METHODS AND RESULTS

The following questions pertain to the survey methodology and results of the Synar survey used by the state to meet the requirements of the Synar Regulation in FFY 2016 (see 42 U.S.C. 300x-26 and 45 C.F.R. 96.130).

6.	Has the	sampling methodology changed from the previous year?	
	☐ Yes	⊠ No	
	methodo Methodo	is required to have an approved up-to-date description of the Synar sampling ogy on file with CSAP. Please submit a copy of your Synar Survey Sampling logy (Appendix B). If the sampling methodology changed from the previous year, these changes must be reflected in the methodology submitted.	
	a. If ye	s, Describe how and when this change was communicated to SAMHSA	
7.		swer the following questions regarding the state's annual random, need inspections of tobacco outlets (see 45 C.F.R. $96.130(d)(2)$ ).	
	a.	Did the state use the optional Synar Survey Estimation System (SSES) to analyze the Synar survey data?	
		☐ Yes ⊠ No	
		If <b>Yes</b> , attach SSES summary tables 1, 2, 3, and 4 to the hard copy of the ASR as upload a copy of SSES tables 1–5 (in Excel) to WebBGAS. Then go to Question If <b>No</b> , continue to Question 7b.	
	<b>b.</b>	Report the weighted and unweighted Retailer Violation Rate (RVR) estimate the standard error, accuracy rate (number of eligible outlets divided by the total number of sampled outlets), and completion rate (number of eligible outlets inspected divided by the total number of eligible outlets).	
		Unweighted RVR 7.2% (census)	
		Weighted RVR	
		Standard error (s.e.) of the (weighted) RVR	
		Fill in the blanks to calculate the $\frac{\text{right limit}}{\text{of the right-sided 95\%}}$ confiden interval.	ice
		$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Limit
		Accuracy rate 92.4%	
		Completion rate 97.8%	

c.	Fill out Form 1 in Appendix A (Forms 1–5). (Required regardless of the sample design.)
d.	How were the (weighted) RVR estimate and its standard error obtained? (Check the one that applies.)
	☐ Form 2 (Optional) in Appendix A (Forms 1–5) (Attach completed Form 2.)
	Other (Please specify. Provide formulas and calculations or attach and explain the program code and output with description of all variable names.)
e.	If stratification was used, did any strata in the sample contain only one outlet or cluster this year?
	☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ No stratification
	If Yes, explain how this situation was dealt with in variance estimation.
f.	Was a cluster sample design used?
	☐ Yes ⊠ No
	If <b>Yes</b> , fill out and attach Form 3 in Appendix A (Forms 1–5), and answer the following question.
	If No, go to Question 7g.
	Were any certainty primary sampling units selected this year?
	☐ Yes ☐ No
	If Yes, explain how the certainty clusters were dealt with in variance estimation.

## g. Report the following outlet sample sizes for the Synar survey.

	Sample Size
Effective sample size (sample size needed to meet the SAMHSA precision requirement assuming simple random sampling)	1688
<b>Target sample size</b> (the product of the effective sample size and the design effect)	1688
<b>Original sample size</b> (inflated sample size of the target sample to counter the sample attrition due to ineligibility and noncompletion)	1688
Eligible sample size (number of outlets found to be eligible in the sample)	1561
<b>Final sample size</b> (number of eligible outlets in the sample for which an inspection was completed)	1527

## h. Fill out Form 4 in Appendix A (Forms 1–5).

8.	Did the	state's Synar survey use a list frame?					
	☐ Yes	⊠ No					
	If Yes, a	nswer the following questions about its coverage.					
	a.	The calendar year of the latest Sampling frame coverage study:					
	b.	Percent coverage from the latest Sampling frame coverage study:					
	c.	Was a new study conducted in this reporting period?					
		□Yes □ No					
		If <b>Yes</b> , please complete Appendix D (List Sampling Frame Coverage Study) and submit it with the Annual Synar Report.					
	d.	The calendar year of the next coverage study planned:					
9.	Has the	Synar survey inspection protocol changed from the previous year?					
	☐ Yes	⊠ No					
	The state is required to have an approved up-to-date description of the Synar inspection protocol on file with CSAP. Please submit a copy of your Synar Survey Inspection Protocol (Appendix C). If the inspection protocol changed from the previous year, these changes must be reflected in the protocol submitted.  a. If Yes, describe how and when this change was communicated to SAMHSA						
	<b>b.</b>	Provide the inspection period: From 10/01/15 to 09/30/16 MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY					
	c.	Provide the number of youth inspectors used in the current inspection year:					
		<u>62</u>					
		NOTE: If the state uses SSES, please ensure that the number reported in 9b matches that reported in SSES Table 4, or explain any difference.					
	_						

**d.** Fill out and attach Form 5 in Appendix A (Forms 1–5). (Not required if the state used SSES to analyze the Synar survey data.)

## **SECTION II: FFY 2017 (Intended Use):**

Public law 42 U.S.C. 300x-26 of the Public Health Service Act and 45 C.F.R. 96.130 (e) (4, 5) require that the states provide information on future plans to ensure compliance with the Synar requirements to reduce youth tobacco access.

1.	In the upcoming year, does the state anticipate any changes in:
	Synar sampling methodology
	Synar inspection protocol Yes No
	If changes are made in either the Synar sampling methodology or the Synar inspection protocol, the state is required to obtain approval from CSAP prior to implementation of the change and file an updated Synar Survey Sampling Methodology (Appendix B) or an updated Synar Survey Inspection Protocol (Appendix C), as appropriate.
2.	Please describe the state's plans to maintain and/or reduce the target rate for Synar inspections to be completed in FFY 2017. Include a brief description of plans for law enforcement efforts to enforce youth tobacco access laws, activities that support law enforcement efforts to enforce youth tobacco access laws, and any anticipated changes in youth tobacco access legislation or regulation in the state.
	Utah will continue to apply its youth access system comprised of:
	(1) Conducting multiple compliance checks on each outlet in the state throughout the year.
	(2) Conducting proactive and corrective retailer education.
	(3) Promoting recognition of outlets and community agencies that have demonstrated
	exemplary efforts to reduce illegal underage tobacco access.
	(4) Continuing the distribution of Utah Tobacco Retailer Education kits to Utah
	tobacco retailers.
	(5) Utah conducts e-cigarette inspections but they are kept separate from SYNAR inspections
	(6) license and I.D. cards (which list the month, day, and year the person turns 19 years of age to eliminate the "math" associated with determining the age of a person attempting to purchase tobacco.)
	(7) Utah's current requirement that compliance checks be conducted by law enforcement agencies assures active enforcement of youth tobacco access laws.
	(8) Utah is piloting an online training for retailers which is being utilized on three local health departments to determine effectiveness and ease of use.
3.	Describe any challenges the state faces in complying with the Synar regulation. (Check all that apply and describe each challenge in the text box below it.)
	Limited resources for law enforcement of youth access laws

In certain situations, coordinating efforts with law enforcement agencies with

limited availability of officers/deputies has been a challenge.

	Limited resources for activities to support enforcement and compliance with youth tobacco access laws
	Limitations in the state youth tobacco access laws
	Limited public support for enforcement of youth tobacco access laws
	Limitations on completeness/accuracy of list of tobacco outlets
	Limited expertise in survey methodology
	Laws/regulations limiting the use of minors in tobacco inspections
$\boxtimes$	Difficulties recruiting youth inspectors
	Besides expected turnover and busy personal schedules of youth, local health departments in small towns or rural areas will use youth from outlying areas in order to protect the inspectors from ostracism in their own community. As a result, local health departments are encouraged to recruit and train enough youth to compensate for these factors.
	Issues regarding the balance of inspections conducted by youth inspectors age 15 d under
	Only one youth inspector was 14 years old. The local health department has been informed to only employ youth inspectors age 15 to 17.
ins	Issues regarding the balance of inspections conducted by one gender of youth pectors
	Geographic, demographic, and logistical considerations in conducting inspections
	Rural areas in Utah present a challenge since they tend to require long distances of travel to conduct compliance checks on a limited number of outlets. This puts additional stress on staff, law enforcement, and youth resources. The policy in place still requires checks to be completed at these locations.

	Cultural factors (e.g., language barriers, young people purchasing for their elders)				
$\boxtimes$	Issues regarding sources of tobacco under tribal jurisdiction				
	Local health departments try to promote tribal-based youth access activities with the tribes within their health district boundaries. They will also provide advice and information to tribes requesting assistance.				
	Other challenges (Please list.)				

#### APPENDIX A: FORMS 1–5

## FORM 1 (Required for all states not using the Synar Survey Estimation System (SSES) to analyze the Synar Survey data)

Complete Form 1 to report sampling frame and sample information and to calculate the unweighted retailer violation rate (RVR) using results from the current year's Synar survey inspections.

**Instructions for Completing Form 1:** In the top right-hand corner of the form, provide the state name and reporting federal fiscal year (FFY 2017). Provide the remaining information by stratum if stratification was used. Make copies of the form if additional rows are needed to list all the strata.

- Column 1: If stratification was used:
  - 1(a) Sequentially number each row.
  - 1(b) Write in the name of each stratum. All strata in the state must be listed.

If no stratification was used:

- 1(a) Leave blank.
- 1(b) Write "state" in the first row (indicates that the whole state is a single stratum).

Note for unstratified samples: For Columns 2–5, wherever the instruction refers to "each stratum," report the specified information for the state as a whole.

- Column 2: 2(a) Report the number of over-the-counter (OTC) outlets in the sampling frame in each stratum.
  - 2(b) Report the number of vending machine (VM) outlets in the sampling frame in each stratum.
  - 2(c) Report the combined total of OTC and VM outlets in the sampling frame in each stratum.
- Column 3: 3(a) Report the estimated number of eligible OTC outlets in the OTC outlet population in each stratum.
  - 3(b) Report the estimated number of eligible VM outlets in the VM outlet population in each stratum.
  - 3(c) Report the combined total estimated number of eligible OTC and VM outlets in the total outlet population in each stratum.

The estimates for Column 3 can be obtained from the Synar survey sample as the weighted sum of eligible outlets by outlet type.

- Column 4: 4(a) Report the number of eligible OTC outlets for which an inspection was completed, for each stratum.
  - 4(b) Report the numbers of eligible VM outlets for which an inspection was completed, for each stratum.
  - 4(c) Report the combined total of eligible OTC and VM outlets for which an inspection was completed, for each stratum.
- Column 5: 5(a) Report the number of OTC outlets found in violation of the law as a result of completed inspections, for each stratum.
  - 5(b) Report the number of VM outlets found in violation of the law as a result of completed inspections, for each stratum.
  - 5(c) Report the combined total of OTC and VM outlets found in violation of the law as a result of completed inspections, for each stratum.

Totals: For each subcolumn (a–c) in Columns 2–5, provide totals for the state as a whole in the last row of the table. These numbers will be the sum of the numbers in each row for the respective column.

FORM 1 (Required for all states not using the Synar Survey Estimation System [SSES] to analyze the Synar Survey data.)

	Summary of Synar Inspection Results by Stratum  State: <u>Utah</u>												
		ı			I			II.			1	FFY: <u>2017</u>	
	(1)		(2)			(3)		(4)			(5)		
ST	RATUM		ER OF OUT IPLING FR.		ESTIMATED NUMBER OF ELIGIBLE OUTLETS IN POPULATION		NUMBER OF OUTLETS INSPECTED		NO. OF OUTLETS FOUND IN VIOLATION DURING INSPECTIONS				
(a) Row #	(b) Stratum Name	(a) Over-the- Counter (OTC)	(b) Vending Machines (VM)	(c) Total Outlets (2a+2b)	(a) Over-the- Counter (OTC)	(b) Vending Machines (VM)	(c) Total Outlets (3a+3b)	(a) Over-the- Counter (OTC)	(b) Vending Machines (VM)	(c) Total Outlets (4a+4b)	(a) Over-the- Counter (OTC)	(b) Vending Machines (VM)	(c) Total Outlets (5a+5b)
1	Bear River	77	0	77	77	0	77	75	0	75	0	0	0
2	Central	103	0	103	102	0	102	99	0	99	0	0	0
3	Davis	128	0	128	113	0	113	113	0	113	13	0	13
4	Salt Lake	615	0	615	551	0	551	549	0	549	38	0	38
5	San Juan	24	0	24	18	0	18	18	0	18	4	0	4
6	Southeast	58	0	58	56	0	56	51	0	51	4	0	4
7	Southwest	188	0	188	173	0	173	166	0	166	5	0	5
8	Summit	46	0	46	41	0	41	39	0	39	7	0	7
9	Tooele	42	0	42	37	0	37	37	0	37	4	0	4
10	TriCounty	66	0	66	58	0	58	48	0	48	8	0	8
11	Utah County	179	0	179	178	0	178	178	0	178	14	0	14
12	Wasatch	16	0	16	15	0	15	13	0	13	2	0	2
13	Weber-Morgan	146	0	146	142	0	142	141	0	141	11	0	11
	Totals:	1688	0	1688	1561	0	1561	1527	0	1527	110	0	110

RECORD COLUMN TOTALS ON LAST LINE (LAST PAGE ONLY IF MULTIPLE PAGES ARE NEEDED).

#### FORM 2 (Optional)

#### Appropriate for stratified simple or systematic random sampling designs.

Complete Form 2 to calculate the weighted RVR. This table (in Excel form) is designed to calculate the weighted RVR for stratified simple or systematic random sampling designs, accounting for ineligible outlets and noncomplete inspections encountered during the annual Synar survey.

**Instructions for Completing Form 2:** In the top right-hand corner of the form, provide the state name and reporting federal fiscal year (FFY 2017).

- Column 1: Write in the name of each stratum into which the sample was divided. These should match the strata reported in Column 1(b) of Form 1.
- Column 2: Report the number of outlets in the sampling frame in each stratum. These numbers should match the numbers reported for the respective strata in Column 2(c) of Form 1.
- Column 3: Report the original sample size (the number of outlets originally selected, *including* substitutes or replacements) for each stratum.
- Column 4: Report the number of sample outlets in each stratum that were found to be eligible during the inspections. Note that this number must be less than or equal to the number reported in Column 3 for the respective strata.
- Column 5: Report the number of eligible outlets in each stratum for which an inspection was completed. Note that this number must be less than or equal to the number reported in Column 4. These numbers should match the numbers reported in Column 4(c) of Form 1 for the respective strata.
- Column 6: Report the number of eligible outlets inspected in each stratum that were found in violation. These numbers should match the numbers reported in Column 5(c) of Form 1 for the stratum.
- Column 7: Form 2 (in Excel form) will automatically calculate the stratum RVR for each stratum in this column. This is calculated by dividing the number of inspected eligible outlets found in violation (Column 6) by the number of inspected eligible outlets (Column 5). The state unweighted RVR will be shown in the Total row of Column 7.
- Column 8: Form 2 (in Excel form) will automatically calculate the estimated number of eligible outlets in the population for each stratum. This calculation is made by multiplying the number of outlets in the sampling frame (Column 2) times the number of eligible outlets (Column 4) divided by the original sample size (Column 3). Note that these numbers will be less than or equal to the numbers in Column 2.
- Column 9: Form 2 (in Excel form) will automatically calculate the relative stratum weight by dividing the estimated number of eligible outlets in the population for each stratum in Column 8 by the Total of the values in Column 8.
- Column 10: Form 2 (in Excel form) will automatically calculate each stratum's contribution to the state weighted RVR by multiplying the stratum RVR (Column 7) by the relative stratum weight (Column 9). The weighted RVR for the state will be shown in the Total row of Column 10.
- Column 11: Form 2 (in Excel form) automatically calculates the standard error of each stratum's RVR (Column 7). The standard error for the state weighted RVR will be shown in the Total row of Column 11.
- TOTAL: For Columns 2–6, Form 2 (in Excel form) provides totals for the state as a whole in the last row of the table. For Columns 7–11, it calculates the respective statistic for the state as a whole.

FORM 2 (Optional) Appropriate for stratified simple or systematic random sampling designs.

#### **Calculation of Weighted Retailer Violation Rate State: FFY:** 2017 (4) (8) (10)N'=N(n1/n)(9) (2) n1 (6) (7) pw p=x/n2Ν Number of (5) Estimated w=N'/Total Stratum (11)X Number of Sample n2 Number of Stratum Number of Column 8 Contribution (3) s.e. (1)Outlets Outlets Number of Outlets Retailer Eligible Relative to State Standard Violation Outlets in Error of Stratum in Sampling Original Found Outlets Found Stratum Weighted Name Frame Sample Size Eligible Inspected in Violation Rate Population Weight RVR Stratum RVR **Total**

N - number of outlets in sampling frame

n - original sample size (number of outlets in the original sample)

 $n1\,$  - number of sample outlets that were found to be eligible

n2 - number of eligible outlets that were inspected

x - number of inspected outlets that were found in violation

p - stratum retailer violation rate (p=x/n2)

N' - estimated number of eligible outlets in population (N'=N\*n1/n)

w - relative stratum weight (w=N'/Total Column 8)

 $pw\,$  -  $\,$  stratum contribution to the weighted RVR

s.e. - standard error of the stratum RVR

## FORM 3 (Required when a cluster design is used for all states not using the Synar Survey Estimation System [SSES] to analyze the Synar survey data.)

Complete Form 3 to report information about primary sampling units when a cluster design was used for the Synar survey.

**Instructions for Completing Form 3:** In the top right-hand corner of the form, provide the state name and reporting federal fiscal year (FFY 2017).

Provide information by stratum if stratification was used. Make copies of the form if additional rows are needed to list all the strata.

Column 1: Sequentially number each row.

Column 2: If stratification was used: Write in the name of stratum. All strata in the state must be

listed.

*If no stratification was used:* Write "state" in the first row to indicate that the whole state constitutes a single stratum.

Column 3: Report the number of primary sampling units (PSUs) (i.e., first-stage clusters) created for each stratum.

Column 4: Report the number of PSUs selected in the original sample for each stratum.

Column 5: Report the number of PSUs in the final sample for each stratum.

TOTALS: For Columns 3–5, provide totals for the state as a whole in the last row of the table.

	Summary of Clusters Created and Sampled State: FFY: 2017					
(1) Row #	(2) Stratum Name	(3) Number of PSUs Created	(4) Number of PSUs Selected	(5) Number of PSUs in the Final Sample		
	Total					

## FORM 4 (Required for all states not using the Synar Survey Estimation System [SSES] to analyze the Synar Survey data)

Complete Form 4 to provide detailed tallies of ineligible sample outlets by reasons for ineligibility and detailed tallies of eligible sample outlets with noncomplete inspections by reasons for noncompletion.

**Instructions for Completing Form 4:** In the top right-hand corner of the form, provide the state name and reporting federal fiscal year (FFY 2017).

Column 1(a): Enter the number of sample outlets found ineligible for inspection by reason for ineligibility. Provide the total number of ineligible outlets in the row marked "Total."

Column 2(a): Enter the number of eligible sample outlets with noncomplete inspections by reason for noncompletion. Provide the total number of eligible outlets with noncomplete inspections in the row marked "Total."

Inspection Tallies by Reason of Ineligibility or Noncompletion					
State: Utah					
<b>FFY:</b> 2017					
(1) INELIGIBLE		(2) ELIGIBLE			
Reason for Ineligibility	(a) Counts	Reason for Noncompletion	(a) Counts		
Out of business	63	In operation but closed at time of visit	10		
Does not sell tobacco products	22	Unsafe to access	1		
Inaccessible by youth	10	Presence of police	-		
Private club or private residence	-	Youth inspector knows salesperson	2		
Temporary closure	24	Moved to new location	-		
Unlocatable	-	Drive-thru only/youth inspector has no driver's license	-		
Wholesale only/Carton sale only	-	Tobacco out of stock	-		
Vending machine broken	-	Ran out of time	5		
Duplicate	8	Other noncompletion reason(s) (Describe.)	6		
Other ineligibility reason(s) (Describe.)	-	<ul><li>check was completed for electronic cigarettes</li><li>check not allowed/conducted within specific</li></ul>	3		
		law enforcement jurisdiction - remote locations	7		
Total	127	Total	34		

# FORM 5 (Required for all states not using the Synar Survey Estimation System [SSES] to analyze the Synar survey data)

Complete Form 5 to show the distribution of outlet inspection results by age and gender of the youth inspectors.

**Instructions for Completing Form 5:** In the top right-hand corner of the form, provide the state name and reporting federal fiscal year (FFY 2017).

Column 1: Enter the number of attempted buys by youth inspector age and gender.

Column 2: Enter the number of successful buys by youth inspector age and gender.

If the inspectors are age eligible but the gender of the inspector is unknown, include those inspections in the "Other" row. Calculate subtotals for males and females in rows marked "Male Subtotal" and "Female Subtotal." Sum subtotals for Male, Female, and Other and record in the bottom row marked "Total." Verify that that the total of attempted buys and successful buys equals the total for Column 4(c) and Column 5(c), respectively, on Form 1. If the totals do not match, please explain any discrepancies.

Synar Survey Inspector Characteristics			
		State: Utah	
		<b>FFY:</b> 2017	
	(1) Attempted Buys	(2) Successful Buys	
Male			
15 years	62	0	
16 years	162	4	
17 years	349	31	
18 years	11	0	
Male Subtotal	584	35	
Female			
15 years	0	0	
16 years	626	39	
17 years	259	31	
18 years	57	5	
Female Subtotal	942	75	
Other (Female 14 years)	1	0	
Total	1527	110	

### **APPENDIXES B & C: FORMS**

### <u>Instructions</u>

Appendix B (Sampling Design) and Appendix C (Inspection Protocol) are to reflect the state's CSAP-approved sampling design and inspection protocol. These appendixes, therefore, should generally describe the design and protocol and, with the exception of Question #10 of Appendix B, are not to be modified with year-specific information. Please note that any changes to either appendix must receive CSAP's advance, written approval. To facilitate the state's completion of this section, simply cut and paste the previously approved sampling design (Appendix B) and inspection protocol (Appendix C).

## APPENDIX B: SYNAR SURVEY SAMPLING METHODOLOGY

				: Utah : 2017		
1.	What type of sar	npling f	rame is used?			
	☐ List fran	ne (Go to	Question 2.)			
	Area fra	me (Go t	o Question 3.)			
	⊠ List-assi	sted area	frame (Go to Question 2.)			
2.	<ul> <li>2. List all sources of the list frame. Indicate the type of source from the list below. Provide a brief description of the frame source. Explain how the lists are updated (method), including how new outlets are identified and added to the frame. In addition, explain how often the lists are updated (cycle). (After completing this question, go to Question 4.)</li> <li>Use the corresponding number to indicate Type of Source in the table below.</li> <li>1 – Statewide commercial business list</li> <li>2 – Local commercial business list</li> <li>3 – Statewide tobacco license/permit list</li> <li>6 – Other</li> </ul>					
Nan	ne of Frame Source	Type of Source	Description	Updating Method and Cycle		
Utah State Tax Commission list of icensed tobacco outlets		3	The frame contains a list of licensed tobacco outlets in Utah	The Utah State Tax Commission supplies a list of licensed tobacco outlets to state and local health departments. Local health departments confirm stores on this list and other stores are added or deleted based on visits and telephone calls to stores. The list is updated on an ongoing basis throughout the year.		
3.	3. If an area frame is used, describe how area sampling units are defined and formed.  a. Is any area left out in the formation of the area frame?  Yes No					

4. Federal regulation requires that vending machines be inspected as part of the Synar survey. Are vending machines included in the Synar survey?

\_\_\_\_%

If **Yes**, what percentage of the state's population is not covered by the area frame?

	☐ Yes ⊠ No
	If $No$ , please indicate the reason(s) they are not included in the Synar survey. Please check all that apply.
	☐ State law bans vending machines.
	State law bans vending machines from locations accessible to youth.
	☐ State has a contract with the FDA and is actively enforcing the vending machine requirements of the Family Smoking Prevention and Tobacco Control Act.
	Other (Please describe.)
	If Yes, please indicate how likely it is that vending machines will be sampled.
	☐ Vending machines are sampled separately to ensure vending machines are included in the sample
	<ul> <li>☐ Vending machines are sampled together with over the counter outlets, so it is possible that no vending machines were sampled, however they are included in the sampling frame and have a non-zero probability of selection</li> <li>☐ Other reasons (<i>Please describe</i>.)</li> </ul>
5.	Which category below best describes the sample design? (Check only one.)
	Census (STOP HERE: Appendix B is complete.)
	Unstratified statewide sample:
	Simple random sample (Go to Question 9.)
	Systematic random sample (Go to Question 6.)
	Single-stage cluster sample (Go to Question 8.)
	☐ Multistage cluster sample (Go to Question 8.)
	Stratified sample:
	Simple random sample (Go to Question 7.)
	Systematic random sample (Go to Question 6.)
	Single-stage cluster sample (Go to Question 7.)
	☐ Multistage cluster sample (Go to Question 7.)
	Other (Please describe and go to Question 9.)
6.	<b>Describe the systematic sampling methods.</b> (After completing Question 6, go to Question if stratification is used. Otherwise go to Question 9.)
7.	Provide the following information about stratification.
	a. Provide a full description of the strata that are created.
	h Is elustoring used within the stratified sample?
	b. Is clustering used within the stratified sample?
	Yes (Go to Question 8.)

		No (Go to Question 9.)
8.	Provide	the following information about clustering.
	a.	<b>Provide a full description of how clusters are formed.</b> (If multistage clusters are used, give definitions of clusters at each stage.)
	<b>b.</b>	Specify the sampling method (simple random, systematic, or probability proportional to size sampling) for each stage of sampling and describe how the $method(s)$ is (are) implemented.
9.	Provide	the following information about determining the Synar Sample.
	a.	Was the Synar Survey Estimation System (SSES) used to calculate the sample size?
		Yes (Respond to part b.)
		No (Respond to part c and Question 10c.)
	b.	SSES Sample Size Calculator used?
		State Level (Respond to Question 10a.)
		Stratum Level (Respond to Question 10a and 10b.)
	c.	Provide the formulas for determining the effective, target, and original outlet sample sizes.
10	. Provide	e the following information about sample size calculations for the current FFY
	Synar s	<u> </u>
	a.	If the state uses the sample size formulas embedded in the SSES Sample Size Calculator to calculate the state level sample size, please provide the following information:
		Inputs for Effective Sample Size: RVR:
		Frame Size:
		Input for Target Sample Size: Design Effect:
		Inputs for Original Sample Size: Safety Margin:

b. If the state uses the sample size formulas embedded in the SSES Sample Size Calculator to calculate the stratum level sample sizes, please provide the stratum level information:
c. If the state does not use the sample size formulas embedded in the SSES Sample Size Calculator, please provide all inputs required to calculate the effective, target, and original sample sizes as indicated in Question 9.

Accuracy (Eligibility) Rate:

Completion Rate:

## APPENDIX C: SYNAR SURVEY INSPECTION PROTOCOL SUMMARY

	State: Utah
	<b>FFY:</b> 2017
In	ote: Upload to WebBGAS a copy of the Synar inspection form under the heading "Synar spection Form" and a copy of the protocol used to train inspection teams on conducting and porting the results of the Synar inspections under the heading "Synar Inspection Protocol."
l.	How does the state Synar survey protocol address the following?
	a. Consummated buy attempts?
	□ Required
	Permitted under specified circumstances (Describe: )
	☐ Not permitted
	b. Youth inspectors to carry ID?
	<ul><li>☐ Required</li><li>☐ Permitted under specified circumstances (Describe: <u>At the discretion of those</u></li></ul>
	coordinating inspections youths may or may not carry an ID into tobacco outlets when
	conducting inspections.)
	Not permitted
	c. Adult inspectors to enter the outlet?
	☐ Required
	Permitted under specified circumstances (Describe: When feasible adult inspectors
	will enter the outlet at the time of an inspection. However in many instances, especially in rural
	settings, adults involved in inspections can be recognized and would not enter in those circumstances.)
	☐ Not permitted
	d. Youth inspectors to be compensated?
	☐ Required
	Permitted under specified circumstances (Describe: <u>In almost all cases youth are</u>
	compensated for the time they spend conducting inspections.)
	☐ Not permitted
2.	Identify the agency(ies) or entity(ies) that actually conduct the random, unannounced Synar inspections of tobacco outlets. (Check all that apply.)
	□ Law enforcement agency(ies)
	State or local government agency(ies) other than law enforcement

	Private contractor(s)
	Other
	List the agency name(s): <u>Utah's 13 local health districts coordinate, schedule, and jointly conduct all Synar tobacco inspections with local police departments and sheriff's offices.</u>
	Sherrir's offices.
2	
3.	Are Synar inspections combined with law enforcement efforts (i.e., do law enforcement representatives issue warnings or citations to retailers found in violation of the law at the time of the inspection?)?
	☐ Always ☐ Usually ☐ Sometimes ☐ Rarely ☐ Never
4.	Describe the type of tobacco products that are requested during Synar inspections.
	a. What type of tobacco products are requested during the inspection?
	<ul><li>☐ Cigarettes</li><li>☐ Small Cigars</li><li>☐ Cigarillos</li></ul>
	Smokeless Tobacco
	<ul><li>☐ Electronic Cigarettes/Electronic Nicotine Delivery Systems (ENDS)</li><li>☐ Other</li></ul>
	b. Describe the protocol for identifying what types of products and what brands of products are requested during an inspection.
	This is left to the discretion of local health departments with the proviso that they are directed
	from the state level to mix up they types of products they ask youth to attempt to purchase.
5a	. Describe the methods used to recruit, select, and train adult supervisors.
	Adult supervisors are recruited and trained by local health departments prior to their participating in compliance checks. The Utah Department of Health Tobacco Prevention and Control Program provides training and technical assistance as warranted.
<i>5</i> 1.	
<b>5</b> D	Describe the methods used to recruit, select, and train youth inspectors.
	Youth are recruited and trained by local health departments prior to their participating in compliance checks. Training usually includes 1-2 hours of contact with the youth; there is a special emphasis on safety. The Utah Department of Health Tobacco Prevention and Control
	Program provides training and technical assistance as warranted.
6.	Are there specific legal or procedural requirements instituted by the state to address
	the issue of youth inspectors' immunity when conducting inspections?
	a. Legal
	∑ Yes ☐ No
	(If <b>Yes,</b> please describe.)

Utah statue §77-39-101 Investigation of sales of alcohol, tobacco, and electronic cigarettes to under age persons addresses both immunity and procedural issues associated with conducting compliance checks. Those conducting compliance checks are granted immunity by the law so long as a peace officer is present at the time of the inspection

b.	Procedural
	⊠ Yes □ No
	(If <b>Yes</b> , please describe.)
	Utah statue §77-39-101 Investigation of sales of alcohol, tobacco, and electronic cigarettes to under age persons addresses both immunity and procedural issues associated with conducting compliance checks. Those conducting compliance checks are granted immunity by the law so long as a peace officer is present at the time of the inspection.
	re specific legal or procedural requirements instituted by the state to address e of the safety of youth inspectors during all aspects of the Synar inspection?
a.	Legal
	☐ Yes ⊠ No
	(If Yes, please describe.)
b.	Procedural
	⊠ Yes □ No

Procedural guidelines are in place that disallow compliance checks where it is deemed there may be a safety risk to the youth. Youth are transported to inspection sites with local health department and law enforcement officials. Under the direction of the law enforcement official youth enter the outlet and attempt to purchase tobacco. If a sale occurs, the youth is withdrawn to a safe location away from the outlet and the law enforcement official generally enters the outlet to issue a citation to the person who sold tobacco to the youth. (Utah Code provides that law enforcement officials can take up to seven days to issue a citation). If, during the process of conducting inspections, any of the parties, (local health department staff, the underage youth, or the law enforcement official), have concerns about the safety of the youth at a specific location, the inspection is cancelled and an appropriate notation made on the logging forms.

8. Are there any other legal or procedural requirements the state has regarding how inspections are to be conducted (e.g., age of youth inspector, time of inspections, training that must occur)?

a.	Legal
	⊠ Yes □ No
	(If Yes, please describe.)
	The person requested to attempt a purchase and anyone accompanying them may not, during the attempted purchase, misrepresent the age of the person by false or misleading identification documentation in attempting the purchase.
b.	Procedural
	∑ Yes
	(If <b>Yes</b> , please describe.)
	The general protocol for compliance checks is to use youth 15-17 years of age. Since Utah law prohibits the sale of tobacco to persons under the age of 19, a
	limited amount of 18 year olds are also used to conduct checks. 18 year olds are
	used due to unavailability of trained 16-17 year olds and where geographical remoteness of areas being checked is an issue.

## APPENDIX D: LIST SAMPLING FRAME COVERAGE STUDY

(LIST FRAME ONLY)

	State:
	<b>FFY:</b> 2017
lenda	ar year of the coverage study:
a.	Unweighted percent coverage found:%
b. c.	Weighted percent coverage found:%  Number of outlets found through canvassing:
d.	Number of outlets matched on the list frame:
a.	Describe how areas were defined. (e.g., census tracts, counties, etc.)
h	Were any areas of the state excluded from sampling?
υ.	Yes No
	165 110
	10.77
	If Yes, please explain.
ease a a.	nswer the following questions about the selection of canvassing areas.  Which category below best describes the sample design? (Check only one.)
	nswer the following questions about the selection of canvassing areas.  Which category below best describes the sample design? (Check only one.)  Census (Go to Question 6.)
	nswer the following questions about the selection of canvassing areas.  Which category below best describes the sample design? (Check only one.)  Census (Go to Question 6.)  Unstratified statewide sample:
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b. Describe the sampling methods.

	c.	Provide a full description of the strata that were created.
	d.	Provide a full description of how clusters were formed.
5.		orders of the selected areas clearly identified at the time of canvassing?
6.	Were all	I sampled areas visited by canvassing teams?
		(Go to Question 7.) $\square$ <b>No</b> (Respond to Parts a and b.)
	a.	Was the subset of areas randomly chosen?
		☐ Yes ☐ No
	<b>b.</b>	Describe how the subsample of visited areas was drawn. Include the number of areas sampled and the number of areas canvassed.
7.	☐ Yes	eld observers provided with a detailed map of the canvassing areas?
	If <b>No</b> , de	scribe the canvassing instructions given to the field observers.
8.		eld observers instructed to find all outlets in the assigned area?
	If Yes, do	spond to Question 9. escribe any instructions given to the field observers to ensure the entire area was ed, then go to Question 10.
9.	If a full	canvassing was not conducted:
	a.	How many predetermined outlets were to be observed in each area?
	b.	What were the starting points for each area?
	c.	Were these starting points randomly chosen?
		☐ Yes ☐ No
	d.	Describe the selection of the starting points.

	e.	Please describe the canvassing instructions given to the field observers, including predetermined routes.
10.	Describ	e the process field observers used to determine if an outlet sold tobacco.
11.	-	provide the state's definition of "matches" or "mismatches" to the Synar ag frame? (i.e., address, business name, business license number, etc).
12.	Provide	the calculation of the weighted percent coverage (if applicable).